Broomhill Infant EYFS Long Term Plan 2024-2025

Overarching	Unique Child: Every chi		learning and can be resi	lient, capable, confident	and solf-assured				
Principles						his promotos			
Fincipies	Positive Relationships: Children flourish with warm, strong & positive partnerships between all staff and parents/carers. This promotes independence across the EYFS curriculum. Children and practitioners are NOT alone – we embrace each community. Enabling Environments:								
	Children learn and develop well in enabling environments that are safe and secure with teaching and support from adults. Routines are								
			needs and passions and help children to build upon their learning over time.						
	Learning and Development: Children develop and learn at different rates. We must be aware of children who need greater support than other								
Characteristics of		d Exploring		Learning	•	ninking Critically			
Effective Learning	Children investigate and	d experience things and	Children concentrate a	nd keep on trying if they		velop their own ideas,			
	have	a go.	encounter difficu	ulties. They enjoy	make links betweer	n ideas, and develop			
			achieve	ements.	strategies for	doing things.			
Themes to drive the	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2			
curriculum alongside	Where do you	How do you	Who is your	Have you got green	Who laid this egg?	Where would you like			
children's passions	belong?	celebrate?	superhero?	green fingers?		to go?			
and interests.									
<u>Key Texts</u>	<image/>			FILE CARLE TINY		ROSIE'S VALK VIEW CONTRACTOR			

	Autumn 1 Where do you belong?	Autumn 2 How do you celebrate?	Spring 1 Who is your superhero?	Spring 2 Have you got green	Summer 1 Who laid this egg?	Summer 2 Where would you like to
				fingers?		go?
			Communication and Language			
umber and quality of the conve ocabulary added, practitioners nd embed new words in a range	 rsations they have with adults and will build children's language effected of contexts will give children the elaborate, children become comforted with a school rules and how they help to keep us safe. Engage in story times. Join in with familiar stories and rhymes. Listen attentively and respond to what they hear with relevant questions, comments and actions when being read to and during whole class 	 peers throughout the day in a lan tively. Reading frequently to child opportunity to thrive. Through co ortable using a rich range of vocabu Ask questions to find out more and to check they understand what has been said to them. Developing social phrases and engage in story times. Make comments about what they have heard and ask questions to clarify their understanding. Hold conversations when engaged in back-and-forth exchanges with their teacher and peers. Use the new vocabulary 	 nt. Children's back-and-for the int guage-rich environment is crucial. ren and engaging them actively in nversation, story-telling and role-pulary and language structures. Articulate ideas and thoughts in well-formed sentences. Connect one idea or action to another using a range of connectives. Engage in non-fiction books. Listen to and talk about selected non-fiction to develop a deep familiarity with new knowledge and vocabulary regarding different places around the world. 	 By commenting on what children stories, non-fiction, rhymes and polay, where children share their ide Describe events in some detail. Use talk to help work out problems and organise thinking and activities. Use talk to explain how things work and why they might happen. Offer explanations for why things might happen, making use of recently introduced vocabulary from stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems when appropriate. 	 he foundations for language and compare interested or doing, and echoir providing them with the same of the providing them with the post of the providing them with the post of the provided and the provided and the provided and growing observations. Use talk to help work out problems and organise thinking and activities. Explain how things work and why they might happen regarding the environment. Offer explanations for why things might happen, making use of recently introduced vocabulary from the provided and provided the provided and provided the p	 g back what they say with new h extensive opportunities to us n their teacher, and sensitive Listen to and talk about stories to build familiarity and understanding. Engage in fiction and nonfiction books and talk abou what they have read and what has been read to them. Listen to and talk about selected non-fiction to develop a deep familiarity with new knowledge and vocabulary. Offer explanations for why things might happen,
ELGs	discussion and small group interactions.	taught in discussions and play.	 Express ideas and feelings about experiences using full sentences, and begin to use past, present and future tenses with increasing accuracy. 	 Use the new vocabulary taught in topic in discussions and play. Participate in small group, class and one-to-one discussions, offering their own ideas, using recently introduced vocabulary. 	stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems when appropriate.	 making use of recently introduced vocabulary fro stories, non-fiction, rhym and poems when appropriate. Express ideas and feelings about experiences using f sentences, and begin to u past, present and future tenses with increasing
		Borse	nal Social and Emotional Dovelor	mont		<mark>accuracy.</mark>
'hildren's personal social and or	notional development (DSED) is a		onal Social and Emotional Develop		nderpinning their personal develo	ament are the important
					e of others. Children should be sup	
			• •		ry. Through adult modelling and g	· · ·
			supported interaction with other	children they learn how to make g	ood friendships, co-operate and re	solve conflicts peaceably. Thes
	latform from which children can a			l .	1	
Self-regulation	Know the school rules and be	able to talk about how they	 Set and work towards 	Know the importance of	Know how to be a good	 Know how we grow and
_	keep them happy and safe.		simple goals.	exercise and how to keep	friend.	change.
	See themselves as a valuable		 Show resilience and persouscepts in the face of 	healthy.	Think about the parametives of others	 Show sensitivity to their sup and to athers' facility
Managing Self	 Build constructive and respec To know what to do if they are 	•	perseverance in the face of a challenge.	 Know how to stay safe. Show understanding of their 	 perspectives of others. Show understanding of own 	 own and to others' feeling Display confidence to try
	 To know what to do if they are feeling worried. Express feelings and consider the feelings of others and 		 Identify and moderate own 	• Show understanding of their own feelings and those of	feelings and those of others	new activities and show
Building	 Express regulate behaviour according 		feelings socially and	others and begin to regulate	and begin to regulate own	resilience and perseveran
Building	 Form positive attachments to 		emotionally.	their behaviour accordingly.	behaviour accordingly.	in the face of a challenge.
Relationships	 Work and play cooperatively a Give focused attention to what are saying. 	and take turns with others.	 Display confidence to try new activities. 	 Manage own basic hygiene and personal needs. 	 Show sensitivity to their own and to others' feelings. 	 Explain the reasons for rules and know right from wrong.

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
	Where do you belong?	How do you celebrate?	Who is your superhero?	Have you got green fingers?	Who laid this egg?	Where would you like to go?
			Physical Development	illigers:		go:
and the development of a child's outdoors, adults can support chi being. Fine motor control and pr	s strength, co-ordination and posit Idren to develop their core streng recision helps with hand-eye co-or	ng them to pursue happy, healthy a ional awareness through tummy tii th, stability, balance, spatial awaren dination which is later linked to ear Idren to develop proficiency, contr	and active lives. Gross and fine mo me, crawling and play movement v ness, co-ordination and agility. Gro ly literacy. Repeated and varied or	with both objects and adults. By creases motor skills provide the foundation	eating games and providing opport tion for developing healthy bodies	unities for play both indoors and and social and emotional well-
Gross Motor Skills	Get set 4 PE	Get set 4 PE	Get set 4 PE	<u>Get set 4 PE</u>	Get set 4 PE	Get set 4 PE
P.E Our outdoor provision is carefully selected to provide opportunities to develop gross motor skills, balance, core stability and stimulate the vestibular system.	 Introduction to PE unit 1 I use movement skills with developing balance and coordination. I can make independent choices. I follow instructions involving several ideas or actions. I can negotiate space safely with consideration for myself and others. I can demonstrate balance. I play co-operatively and take turns with others 	 Gymnastics unit 1 I can negotiate space safely with consideration for myself and others. I can confidently and safely use a range of large and small apparatus. I can combine movements, selecting actions in response to the task and apparatus. I use movement skills with developing strength, balance and co-ordination showing increasing control and grace. I follow instructions involving several ideas or actions. I work co-operatively with others and take turns. I am confident to try new challenges. 	 Dance Unit 1 I can negotiate space safely with consideration for myself and others. I am confident to try new challenges and perform in front of others. I use movement skills with developing strength, balance and co-ordination showing increasing control and grace. I follow instructions involving several ideas or actions. I can combine movements, selecting actions in response to the task. I show respect towards others when providing feedback. 	 Fundamentals Unit 1 I can negotiate space safely with consideration for myself and others. I play games honestly with consideration of the rules. I am confident to try new challenges. I follow instructions involving several ideas or actions. I use movement skills with developing balance and coordination when playing games. I play co-operatively, take turns and encourage others. 	 Ball Skills Unit 1 I can negotiate space safely with consideration for myself and others. I use ball skills with developing competence and accuracy. I play co-operatively and take turns with others. I can make independent choices. I persevere when trying new challenges. I play ball games with consideration of the rules. 	 Athletics I am able to throw towards a target. I am beginning to show balance and coordination when changing direction. I am developing overarm throwing. I can recognise changes in my body when I do exercise. I can run at different speeds. I can work with others and make safe choices. I try my best. I understand the difference between a jump, a leap and a hop and can choose which allows me to jump the furthest.
Fine Motor Skills Our provision is carefully planned to provide opportunities to develop fine motor skills.	 Use a dominant hand to be able to mark make using different shapes. Use a tripod grip when using mark making tools. Begin to copy letters. Hold scissors and make snips. Hold a fork and spoon with increasing control. Start most letters in the correct place (top to bottom). 	 Use anti-clockwise movement and retrace vertical lines. Hold scissors correctly and cut along a straight line and zigzagged lines. Use a tripod grip when using mark making tools. Draw lines, circles and shapes to draw pictures. Write taught letters using correct formation and starting in the correct place. Begin to hold a knife correctly and use to cut. 	 Use a tripod grip when using mark making tools. Hold scissors correctly and cut along a curved line. Write taught letters using correct formation. 	 Hold scissors correctly and cut out large shapes. Write letters using the correct letter formation and control the size of letters. 	 Hold scissors correctly and cut out small shapes. Write letters inline with the school handwriting policy. Paint using thinner paintbrushes. 	 Hold scissors correctly and cut various materials. Write letters inline with the school handwriting policy. Create drawings with details. Independently use a knife fork and spoon to eat a range of meals.

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
	Where do you belong?	How do you celebrate?	Who is your superhero?	Have you got green fingers?	Who laid this egg?	Where would you like to go?
elops when adults talk with	elop a life-long love of reading. Readi n children about the world around th nunciation of unfamiliar printed wor fore writing).	em and the books (stories and nor	n-fiction) they read with them, and	eading. Language comprehension (enjoy rhymes, poems and songs t	ogether. Skilled word reading, taug	iting) starts from birth. It only ght later, involves both the
Phonics Little Wandle	Phase 2 sounds S, a, t, p, i, n, m, d, g, o, c, k, ck, eur, h, b, f, l Tricky words: is, I, the	Phase 2 sounds Ff, II, ss, j, v, w, x, y, z, zz, qu, ch, sh, th, ng, nk Words with s /s/ added at the end. Words with s /z/ at the end. Tricky words: put, pull, full, as, and, has, his, her, go, no, to into, she, push, he, of, we, me, be	Phase 3 sounds ai, ee, igh, oa, oo, oo, ar, or, ur, ow, oi, ear, air, er Words with double letters: dd mm tt bb rr gg pp ff Longer words Tricky words: was you they my by all are sure pure	Phase 3 sounds Review GPCs from Spring 1 Review double letters and longer words Words with 2 or more digraphs words ending in –ing compound words words with s in the middle /z/s words ending –s words with –es at end /z/ Review all tricky words taught so far and secure spelling.	Phase 4 Short vowels CVCC, CCVC CCVCC, CCCVC, CCCVCC Longer words Compound words Root words ending: -ing, -ed /t/, -ed /id/ /ed/ -est Tricky words: said, so, have, like, some, come, love, do, were, here, little, says, there, when, what, one, out, today	Phase 4 Long vowels CVCC, CCVC CCVC, CCCVC, CCV, CCVCC Phase 4 words ending: -s /s/, -s /z/, -es Longer words Root words ending: -ing, -ed /t/, -ed /id/ /ed/, /d/, -er, -est
Comprehension	 Join in with rhymes Show an interest in stories Understand the key concepts about print: Print has meaning. Print can have different purposes. We read English text from left to right and from top to bottom. The names of the different parts of a book. 	 Join in with repeated refrains. To identify key vocabulary and discuss the meaning. Identify: front cover, back cover pages and spine. Act out key parts of the story and transfer this to imaginative play using expression and intonation. Use the vocabulary "author" and "illustrator". 	 To identify key vocabulary and discuss the meaning. Retell key parts of a story using a story map prompt. Begin making predictions about what will happen next. Identify who the author and illustrator of the story are. 	 Make predictions using prior knowledge from stories. Begin to answer a range of questions about what has been read. Confidently identify the author, illustrator and begin to focus on the blurb and discuss the genre. Is the book fiction or non- fiction? Why? 	 Listen to stories, accurately anticipating key events and respond to what they hear with relevant comments, questions and reactions. Use vocabulary that is influenced by their experiences of books within play. Act out the stories showing expression in Pie Corbett style. 	 Retell stories in Pie Corb style. Children to orally rehear own stories using knowledge of stories rea to them. Sort books into categorie Independently retrieve information from what is read to them. Answer questions using question stem.
Writing	 Correctly form graphemes and say the phonemes to match for sounds taught in phonics. Write initial sounds matched to phonic knowledge. Write own name. 	 Segment and write CVC words. Write some short captions and labels with adult support. Write some words which have personal meaning e.g. Mum, Dad, sibling names. 	 Write recognisable letters most of which are correctly formed. Segment and spell words when writing independently matched to phonic knowledge. Begin to write sentences and build an awareness of capital letters, full stops and finger spaces. 	 Write words that are phonetically plausible within sentences. To continue to build an awareness of capital letters full stops and finger spaces and use when writing sentences. 	 Write sentences with increasing accuracy using phonics to identify sounds for writing. Spell tricky words with increasing accuracy. Begin to write for a given audience. Consistently use capital letters, full stops, finger spaces and writing on the line. Read back own writing. 	 Write sentences that car read by others. Introduce narratives in the own writing and story maps. Write tricky words accurately matched with phonic knowledge.

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
	Where do you belong?	How do you celebrate?	Who is your superhero?	Have you got green fingers?	Who laid this egg?	Where would you like to
relationships between them nildren will develop a secure	in number is essential so that all childre a and the patterns within those number base of knowledge and vocabulary fror , space and measures. It is important th ikes.	s. By providing frequent and varied o n which mastery of mathematics is b	pportunities to build and apply this u uilt. In addition, it is important that t	understanding – such as using manipu he curriculum includes rich opportun	ulatives, including small pebbles and ities for children to develop their spa	tens frames for organising cou tial reasoning skills across all
Mental/Oral	Number rhymes.	Subitising quantities to 3	Enumeration between 6 and 10	Partitioning 2,3,4,5, and 10 and	Composition of 6-9 and	Patterns in numbers to 10
(Number Sense)		Subitising quantities to 5		Number Bonds	comparison of numbers to 10	
Maths	 <u>Getting to know you</u> Introducing areas of provision. Turn taking number games. <u>Just like me</u> Match, sort, compare sets. 	It's me 1, 2, 3! • Representing, comparing, composition of 1,2,3 • Circles and triangles • Spatial awareness • 1p, 2p	Alive in 5 Introducing zero Comparing numbers to 5 Composition of 4 & 5 Compare mass Compare capacity Growing 6,7,8	Length, Height & time • Explore length • Compare length • Explore height • Talk about time • Order & sequence time	To 20 and beyond Building numbers beyond 10 Counting patterns beyond 10 Spatial reasoning – match, rotate, manipulate First, then, now	Find my pattern Doubling Sharing and grouping Spatial reasoning – visu and build On the move
<u>White Rose</u>	 Compare size, mass, capacity. Simple patterns. 	Light and Dark • Representing, subitising 4 and 5 • Squares, rectangles, pentagons • One more and one less • Night and day • Sp	 Representing, subitising, composition of 6,7,8 Making pairs Combining 2 groups Length and height Time 	 Building 9,10 Representing, subitising, composition of 9 and 10 Comparing numbers to 10 Bonds to 10 3d shape Pattern 	 Adding more Taking away Spatial reasoning – compose and decompose 	 Deepening understandi Patterns and relationsh Spatial reasoning – map
n visiting parks, libraries a	lves guiding children to make sense on nd museums to meeting important m	nembers of society such as police o	fficers, nurses and fire-fighters. In	addition, listening to a broad select	ction of stories, non-fiction, rhymes	and poems will foster thei
n visiting parks, libraries an lerstanding of our culturall	nd museums to meeting important m y, socially, technologically and ecolog y will support later reading compreh-	embers of society such as police o gically diverse world. As well as bui ension. • Know some historical facts and stories from different	mmunity. The frequency and range fficers, nurses and fire-fighters. In Iding important knowledge, this ex Comment on images of familiar situations in the past	e of children's personal experience addition, listening to a broad selec xtends their familiarity with words Understand the past through setting, characters and events	tion of stories, non-fiction, rhymes that support understanding across Personal timeline – how have we changed since we were	 and poems will foster their domains. Enriching and Talk about own persona and look at past year (li
m visiting parks, libraries au derstanding of our culturall lening children's vocabular	nd museums to meeting important m y, socially, technologically and ecolog y will support later reading compreh- Talk about members of their 	embers of society such as police o gically diverse world. As well as bui ension. • Know some historical facts	mmunity. The frequency and range fficers, nurses and fire-fighters. In Iding important knowledge, this ex Comment on images of	e of children's personal experience addition, listening to a broad selec xtends their familiarity with words Understand the past through	tion of stories, non-fiction, rhymes that support understanding across Personal timeline – how have	 and poems will foster their domains. Enriching and Talk about own personal
n visiting parks, libraries an erstanding of our culturall ening children's vocabular Past and Present	 Ind museums to meeting important m y, socially, technologically and ecolog y will support later reading comprehe Talk about members of their immediate family and community. Talk about themselves in the past when they were younger and make sense of their family history. Talk about family and who is older and who is younger. Key concepts: chronology Talk about the lives of people around them and their roles in society. 	 nembers of society such as police or gically diverse world. As well as built ension. Know some historical facts and stories from different religions and celebrations. Compare and contrast characters from stories including figures from the past. Understand the past through setting, characters and events encountered in books read in class and story telling. (Guy Fawkes) Recognise that people have different beliefs and celebrate special times in 	 mmunity. The frequency and range fficers, nurses and fire-fighters. In Iding important knowledge, this experiment of images of familiar situations in the past (parks). Compare characters from stories including figures from the past. Be able to talk about historical figures from the past – real life superheroes! Know some similarities and differences between things in the past and now, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class. To talk about Chinese New Year. Recognise some similarities 	 e of children's personal experience addition, listening to a broad select stends their familiarity with words Understand the past through setting, characters and events encountered in books read in class and story telling. To know that Christians celebrate Easter. Recognise similarities and 	 tion of stories, non-fiction, rhymest that support understanding across that support understanding across we changed since we were born. Recognise that some animals no longer exist (are extinct). Similarities / differences with animals of today. To know that Muslims celebrate Eid. Continue to show respect and 	 and poems will foster their domains. Enriching and Talk about own persona and look at past year (litransition). Create a time line of the line of the countries are hotter that countries are hotter that country we live in.
visiting parks, libraries and derstanding of our culturall lening children's vocabular Past and Present History People, Cultures,	 Ind museums to meeting important m y, socially, technologically and ecolog y will support later reading comprehe Talk about members of their immediate family and community. Talk about themselves in the past when they were younger and make sense of their family history. Talk about family and who is older and who is younger. Key concepts: chronology Talk about the lives of people around them and their roles 	 nembers of society such as police or gically diverse world. As well as built ension. Know some historical facts and stories from different religions and celebrations. Compare and contrast characters from stories including figures from the past. Understand the past through setting, characters and events encountered in books read in class and story telling. (Guy Fawkes) Recognise that people have different beliefs and 	 mmunity. The frequency and range fficers, nurses and fire-fighters. In Iding important knowledge, this experiment of the past (parks). Compare characters from stories including figures from the past. Be able to talk about historical figures from the past - real life superheroes! Know some similarities and differences between things in the past and now, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class. To talk about Chinese New Year. 	 e of children's personal experience addition, listening to a broad select stends their familiarity with words Understand the past through setting, characters and events encountered in books read in class and story telling. To know that Christians celebrate Easter. 	 tion of stories, non-fiction, rhymesthat support understanding across Personal timeline – how have we changed since we were born. Recognise that some animals no longer exist (are extinct). Similarities / differences with animals of today. To know that Muslims celebrate Eid. 	 and poems will foster their domains. Enriching and Talk about own persona and look at past year (li transition). Create a time line of the Recognise that some countries are hotter that

	taken from above like a bird's eye view and can comment on simple features.	religions.	environment.	and what has been read in class.		 imaginary world. Know that simple symbols are used to identify features on a map.
The Natural World Science	 Explore the natural world around them (school garden, Botanical gardens). Make observations and draw pictures of seasonal change. Describe what they see on seasonal walks. Name parts of their body. Know the life cycle of a human – baby, toddler, child, teenager, adult, elderly. 	 Describe what they see and hear on seasonal walks. Autumnal change. How does this affect the weather, clothes that we wear? 	 Describe what they see and hear and feel on seasonal walks. Changing states of matter – water becoming ice, snow melting. 	 Explore the natural world around them. Understand the effect of the changing seasons on the natural world around them – Spring / planting. Know what a plant needs to grow. Explain how plants grow through observation of plants growing in class and in the garden. Compare the natural world in different places in our locality, with a focus on the plants found there. 	 Explore the natural world around them making observations and drawing animals and plants- focusing on the life-cycle of a butterfly. Understand some important process and changes in the natural world around them – life cycles. 	 Observe seasonal change. What happens during the summer? How does this affect the weather, what we wear, how to keep safe? Changing states of matter matter: Why do things melt when it is hot? Forces and motion: floating and sinking.
	-		Expressive Arts and Design	-		
		ports their imagination and creativi				
-		ee, hear and participate in is crucia			ability to communicate through th	e arts. The frequency, repetition
		in interpreting and appreciating wh				
Creating with Materials	Name colours.	 Create arts and crafts from different cultures e.g. Rangoli 	 Explore different techniques for joining materials (glue, 	 Share creations and talk about the process. 	 Know which prime colours you mix together to make 	 Learn about and compare artists.
	Experiment with colour.Know colours can be mixed to	patterns, Divas, Christmas	pva, masking tape, tape).	 Explore different techniques 	secondary colours.	 Explore, use and refine a
Art and DT	make a new colour.	decorations, Hanukkah cards.	 Use props when role playing 	for joining materials (glue	 Use a range of materials to 	variety or artistic effects to
Art and Dr	Create representations of	• Explore different techniques	characters in narratives and	stick, PVA, masking tape, tape,	make a collage.	express their ideas and
	people and objects.	for joining materials (glue	<mark>stories</mark> .	split pins).	 Know some similarities and 	feelings.
	 Experiment with different 	stick).		 Observational drawing. 	differences between	 Share creations, talk about
	mark making tools such as art	Manipulate clay.			materials.	process and evaluate their
	 pencils, pastels, chalk. Develop storylines in their 	Thread beads.		. Deufenne et eile et et bein e eur	Deufenne stenies to the investor	work.
Being imaginative and	 Develop storylines in their pretend play. 	 Invent narratives in role play. Play with others during role 	 Use a storyline or narrative in their play. 	 Perform stories to their peers. Recount narratives with peers. 	 Perform stories to their peers. Recount narratives with peers. 	 Invent, adapt and recount narratives and stories.
expressive	 Play with others who are 	play who are engaged in the	 Recount narratives with peers. 	• Recount narratives with peers.	• Recount narratives with peers.	 Sing a range of well known
	engaged in the same theme.	same theme.		 Sing and perform songs and 	 Sing and perform songs and 	nursery rhymes and songs.
Role play / dance /			Learn and perform dance	rhymes.	rhymes.	
• • •	Listen attentively, move to	 Sing and perform songs and 	routines.	Listen attentively, talk about	Explore percussion instruments	
music	and talk about music.	rhymes.	• Move in time with the music.	music: rhythm, pitch, pulse,	Play instruments in the song.	<mark>rhymes.</mark>
	Copycat rhythm games.	• Move in time to the music.	 Listen attentively, talk about 	tempo.		Explore tuned percussion
	Singing rhymes.	 Listen attentively, talk about music: rhythm, pitch. 	music: rhythm, pitch, pulse			instruments.Play instruments in the song.